DELTA TALE

June, 1984 vol. 15 #6 50¢

potomac valley aquarium rociety



SPRING SHOW RESULTS INSIDE



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: Woody Griffin

Delta Tale: John Mangan

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From The President

The big weekend is over; the awards are all handed out, and the many bags of fish are all sold. Now the fun begins at home. Many of those new purchases will soon be spawning and bringing hours of enjoyment to each of us.

Many thanks to everyone who entered fish in the show. The total number of entries was up from last year, and the competition was very zood in many of the categories. Consider the African catfish; only 1/3 of a point(out of 100 points) seperated the 1st,2nd, and 3rd place winners. What a tough decision for the judges! Alot of new faces entered fish and they should be congratulated. A good number of awards went to fish that traveled all the way from Canton, Michigan(near Detroit). Now that's the type of person PVAS could use more of a true fish nut. Other fish came from North Carolina and Pennsylvania. Even Jim Long got into the spirit and entered a few things. His large water Sprite got extra points on size but had points taken away for deportment-it just lay there.

All five judges should be commended for a job well done. Despite all the car troubles (Ed Taylor's car breaking down 30 minutes from here: the Eckstein's never making it from New York) our five judges (Ed and Cathy Taylor, Gene Aldridge, Dave Herlong, and Gerald Pottern) were consistent in their scoring and deserve special thanks. All in attendance at Mr. T's got to hear a terrific talk by Ed Taylor on the new fishes from Australia and New Guinea. Wonderful slides, lots of information(sterilized fish from Germany?) and a surprise notice of Ed leaving T.F.H. were the highlights of the evening.

Our auction might have been the best ever! Over 6 hours of fish selling went on, and killifish commanded the high prices this year. Remember when all you saw were African cichlids? Times are changing once again. Lots of nice fish were available, and I hope you took some home.

For everyone who helpedout, I extend my deepest appreciation. A club exists only with a little bit of help from everyone. The names are too numerous to to list here, but you know who you are. A lot of PVASers contributed time and effort---THANK YOU.

Remember next month(June) the meeting will be held in a new location. See the map included in this issue. We have been very fortunate to have had the use of the Jefferson Fire House for some time, but now the building is undergoing renovations once again and we must relocate elsewhere for a good while. It took some special doing to be able to use the hall now for our Show, but it all worked out.

Like other previous years, new members have joined PVAS at this time of our big extravaganza. Some may be beginners in the hobby(we all were once) and others may have kept fish for some time but had not found out about our club until now. Let's all try to give them a warm welcome at our next meetingso our club can grow in numbers and in friendship. Remember the following line, and our organization will never be wanting: There are no strangers, only friends we have yet to meet.

Serry

Editorial

Whew! The show and auction are now history and everyone involved in working on them is giving a big sigh of releif. There's a lot of work done behind the scenes that most people are never aware of. I had a chance to see much of it this year since I let my car be used to rescue Ed Taylor and party (see what I mean, how many of you knew that Eds' car died and several people had to be sent out to rescue him, his wife, friend, and fish?). Due to this I ended up hanging around all day doing odd jobs for the people doing all of the tedius, thankless jobs involved in determining the show winners. These people, and everyone else that helped out from long before the setup until well after cleanup, deserve a big thank you from the entire club. Without them the whole thing would not have been possible. I'd like to mention them all by name but I'd surely miss some since there are so many jobs that are essential but not visible.

Next topic- did you disagree with any of the judges decisions? I usualy find at least one thing that I disagree with every year and I know many of you probably do too. This year I had a chance to find out why this is so. The judges often differ rather widely in their opinions of a fish. There were some cases where they differed by 40 points or more (out of 100 possible) on one fish. If the judges can't agree with each other it's no wonder we often don't agree with the judges.

Congragulations to all of the show winners. There is a complete list elsewhere. To those of you that didn't win this year- don't get

discouraged, try again next year.

Hot news scoop- for those of you that missed Ed Taylors very interesting talk on rainbows- Ed is no longer editor of Tropical Fish Hobbwist magazine.

The American Livebearer Association will be holding their first(?) convention July 20-22 in Kalamazoo, Michigan in conjunction with the Southwestern Michigan Aquarium Society show, workshop, and auction. Anyone wishing more information please contact me. I will have more

details in the July issue.

Special bowl show category this month -- last month you got a chance to show off your best fish at the spring show, this month we will give you a chance to show off your worst. I am proud (?) to announce the first, and maybe the last, annual oddities and deformities competition. Here's your chance to do something with all of those deformed fishes you didn't have the heart to destroy. There will be a special prize for the winner. Diseases do not qualify. This is NOT an april fools joke (it isn't even april).

Last topic for this month- deadlines. The deadlines for the trading post and question & answer columns is the 15th of the month prior to publication deadlines for all other items is the 20th. Things have been getting to me later and later each month. Starting next month these deadlines will be strictly enforced. Anything not in my hands by deadline will not get in to Delta Tale unless you call beforehand

with a very good excuss.

John

TO: EVERYONE THAT HELPED WITH THE SPRING SHOW AND AUCTION



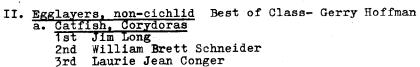
FROM: ALL OF THE MEMBERS OF P.V.A.S.

1984 SPRING SHOW RESULTS

Best in Show- Gerry Hoffman, <u>Crenuchus spilurus</u> Reserve in Show- Manny Prieto, <u>Apisto. cacatuoides</u>

Class

- I. <u>Livebearers</u> Best of Class- Tom Heflin a. <u>Delta Tail Guppy</u>, <u>Male</u> 1st William Brett Schneider 2nd Darrell Holman
 - b. Delta Tail Guppy, Female
 1st William Brett Schnzider
 - c. Guppies, all others
 1st John Mangan
 - d. Mollies
 1st Jim & Sue Altland
 - e. Swordtails & Platies
 1st Tom Heflin
 2nd Darrell Holman
 3rd Jim & Sue Altland
 - f. Goodeids
 1st John Mangan
 2nd John Mangan
 g. Other Livebearers
 - 1st Pat Mahoney
 2nd Jim & Sue Altland



- b. Catfish, African

 1st Darrell Holman

 2nd David Herlong

 3rd Adam Hain Jr.
- c. Catfish, all other
 1st Amy Stirman
 2nd John Mangan
 3rd Adam Hain Jr.
- d. Betta splendens
 1st Heather Altland
 2nd Susan Kuhns
 3rd Heather Altland
- e. Other Anabantoids

 1st Pat Mahoney
 2nd Adam Hain Jr.
 3rd Doreen Brensike
- f. Sharks and Loaches
 1st Ken Eide
 2nd Ken Eide
 3rd Stephen J. Ptasler

Class

II. cont.

g. Tetras

1st Gerry Hoffman 2nd Jim Long

3rd Linda Lopez

h. Barbs 1st Linda Lonez

2nd John Mangan 3rd Jim & Sue Altland

i. Goldfish and Koi 1st Pete Thrift

2nd Pete Thrift 3rd Susan Linta

j. Danios, Brachydanios, Rasboras 1st Darrell Holman Darrell Holman 2nd

3rd Jim & Sue Altland k. Killifish

1st Gerry Hoffman 2nd Manny Prieto 3rd Jim Long 1. North American Natives

No entries

m. Other Non-Cichlid Egglavers

1st Jim Long 2nd John Mangan 3rd Kurt Schnepf

III. Cichlids Best of Class- Manny Prieto

a. New World Large 1st Linda Lopez

2nd Susan Linta 3rd Susan Linta b. New World Medium

1st Darrell Holman 2nd Daniel Cohen

3rd Pat Mahoney c. New world Dwarf 1st Manny Prieto

2nd Ken Eide 3rd Ken Eide

d. Angelfish Adam Hain Jr.

2nd Adam Hain Jr. 3rd Pat Mahoney

e. Rift Lake, Malawi 1st John Mangan

2nd Alan & Laurie Coltri 3rd John Mangan



Class

III. cont.

f. Rift Lake, Tanganyika 1st Pat Mahoney Daniel Cohen Darrell Holman 3rd

g. Discus 1st Linda Brensike

h. Non-Rift Lake African 1st Nathan Manwaring 2nd Amy Stirman 3rd Alex Cummins

i. Cichlid Pairs
1st Laurie Jean Conger 2nd Amy Stirman 3rd Daniel Cohen

j. Other Cichlids

No entries

IV. Marine Best of Class- Jason Kooken

Fishes 1st J **Jason** Kooken Darrell Holman 2nd 3rd Darrell Holman

b. Invertebrates Jim & Sue Altland 2nd Jim & Sue Altland 3rd Jim & Sue Altland

V. Family of Fishs 1st Linda Brensike 2nd Stephen Ptaszek 3rd Nathan Manwaring

VI. Plants 1st Jim Long 2nd John Mangan

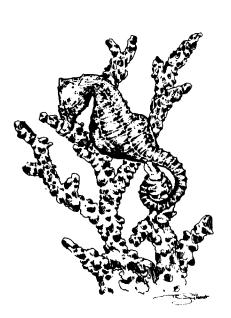
VII. Set Tanks 1st Laurie Jean Conger VIII. Dealer Tanks 1st Fish Lta.

IX. Photography Best of Class Ruth Brewer

Slides 1st Gene Aldridge 2nd David Herlong 3rd Gene Aldridge

b. Prints Ruth Brewer Tst 2nd Ruth Brewer 3rd Ruth Brewer

Ted Gilbert 1st Connie Rizzulo 2nd 3rd Ted Gilbert



MURPHY'S LAW

Pat Mahoney. PVAS

Murphy's Law is loosely defined as "if something bad can happen, it will!" This unfortunate maxim came to the fore during this year's Spring Show but went mostly unnoticed except for a few attendees.

Ginny Eckstein of Long Island, Wayne Liebel of Easton, PA, Gene Aldridge of Harrisburg, PA and Ed and Cathy Taylor of Virginia Beach had all agreed to be judges for this year's show.

Gene Aldridge, accompanied by the ever-present NIKON, arrived Friday afternoon with the remaining judges expected to arrive Saturday morning. The judging was scheduled to commence at 1:00 PM.

About 11:00 AM on Saturday, our President received a call from Ginny E from "somewhere in the wilds of New Jersey." Due to a natural calamity (and a few unnatural ones), the Ecksteins and rider Wayne Liebel could not reach the DC area anywhere near the scheduled judging time. They did the only thing they could do - they turned around and went home. Duly apologetic, they were also put out since the car was loaded with fish for our auction.

It seems a burst waterpipe flooded Casa Eckstein and had Charlie playing plumber moist of the night. Long enough to delay their early morning departure. They might still have made it if they hadn't gotten stuck in traffic backed up from a wreck on the George Washington Bridge. The latter saw them sitting on the bridge well over an hour before the police could get the traffic sorted out. This made the trip to the Garden State take two and a half hours when normal driving time is about an hour. In the meantime, Wayne Liebel is waiting in Fort Lee wondering where in the pluperfect hell was his ride.

The end result is that PVAS lost the services of two outstanding judges. Fortunately for us, David Herlong, past Chairman of the ACA and Gerry Potterm arrived before noon from Raleigh, NC, and stepped into the breech. Thanks to both of them - they saved the day.

Another ill-fated phone call annnounced that Ed and Cathy Taylor, along with their friend Linda Darwent of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, were sightseeing on Shirley Highway. Their car, along with many boxes of fish for our auction, had broken down. A Search and Rescue Party composed of Jim Long and Pat Mahoney picked up the refugees and got them to the show in time for judging.

All's well that ends well. Cheer up, Gerry, ulcers can be cured nowadays.

PHILODINA, THE PERFECT FIRST FOOD

Remember with astonishment the first time you beheld the tiny fry ofa Tetra, honey gourami, barb or rasbora? How small they appeared when they began a free swimming existence in your breeding tanks. Often a great majority of the fry would succumb in the first few days to starvation before they would be able to accept newly hatched brine shrimp or microworms. Textbooks all agree the most natural way for the smallest fry to begin life is with infusoria, but who feels like boiling lettuce, rice or wheat grains, adding snails and waiting for the culture to get"moldy" and teem with microscopic organisms. More often than not one cultures an aromatic bacterial bloom that can't wait to be discarded and may be too poluted to feed to newborn fry, well fear not, because there is an ideal first food that is small enough for the tiniest fry, easily cultured, self-propagating and inexpensive.

The perfect first food for almost any newborn fish, whether it be from a spawn of a large South American cichlid or a tiny Tetra, is the rotifer Philodina. It is large enough to be seen with the naked eye yet small enough to fit into the smallest mouth. Being alive, its constant spiral-like motion attracts fry and vet moves slow enough to be easily caught. Inhabiting fresh water naturally, it will live for a long time in an aquarium without dying and fouling the water like brine shrimp often does. Sounds terrific doesn't it, but there must be some drawback, right? The only negative is that a culture must be maintained to keep them in constant supply and readily available But that is so easily done that anyone who wants to should be capable of keeping them alive. Before culturing is discussed, a brief description of the animal is in order.

Philodina is one of many rotifers (Phylum Rotatoria) that are commonly found in fresh or salt waters. The name rotifer is applied to these animals because in some species the head region with its numerous cilia beating in rotation appears like a rotating wheel (see diagram). It is these coronal cilia that serve as a means of locomotion and create local currents that guide food to the mouth. Movement also occurs by twisting, spiral actions of the body and use of the spurs on the foot end for creeping and browsing.

The body of theseBdelloid rotifers (Phyllum Rotatoria, Class Digononta, Order Bdelloidea for taxonomic identification) is usually elongated and cylindrical with three main body regions: head, trunk, and foot. The head has the mouth and heating cilia. The trunk is highly contractile and contains the digestive and reproductive systems. The foot with spurs allows the animal to creep about on substrates. A structure peculiar to the rotifers is the mastax, which is an arrangement of muscles that activate a set of "jaws" to tear and grind the food. Males are unknown in the spesies, with reproduction by parthogenesis.

Philodina have a lifespan of approximately 8 days. The females, without the presence of males, produce several batches of thin-shelled eggs that hatch into more females within a few hours. These develope into adults in 1-2 days. Eggs can survive drying and freezing and upon rewetting hatch into rotifers capable of starting the cycle over once again. They are omniverous feeders, eating minute algae, detritus and smaller protozoans.

Culturing these rotifers is extremely easy. If you can hatch brine shrimp or keep microworms alive you can keep a healthy population of Philodina thriving. Even if you don't want to be bothered with either of the above alternative foods, Philodina can be almost ignored for a length of time and you can still have them available in quantity within a few days. The easiest way to produce them is in gallon jars, kept illuminated but not too brightly, and maintained at 65-75°F. Slightly alkaline water(7-7.4) is best but little attention is paid to pH in my cultures. To the gallon of water is added 5-6 dry split peas and everything is allowed to sit for a few days.

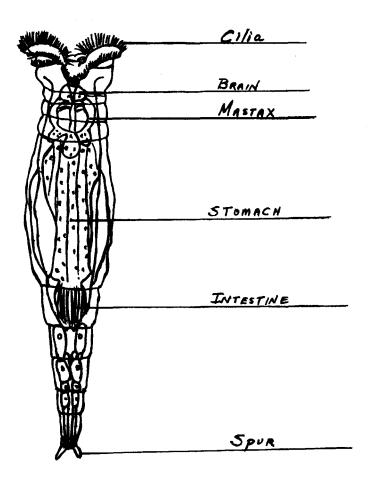
Even though Philodina reproduce parthogenetically, they still don't know about spontaneous generation. In other words, you must get a starter culture of rotifers from someone else to inoculate the medium. Once established, a pinch of Gerber's Mixed Baby Food added daily or every other day will insure a proper bacterial bloom and plentiful food for the multinying rotifers. It takes a little practice feeding the cultures; overfeeding the baby food will pollute the water and kill the rotifers. The correct amount of food will keep a swarm of tiny twisting creatures suspended in the water from top to bottom. I don't use aeration in my containers; it isn't necessary and disrupts the nice cloud of Philodina that forms and is indica tive of the health of the whole culture.

Water changes are essential to any self-contained aquatic system and are accomplished as water is taken out for feeding. Simply add new water(aged, dechlorinated tap water is fine) to keep the level constant. Since Philodina are so small, they are not able to be filtered from the water, nor shold they be. A large baster inserted into the thickest part of the infusorial cloud will suck up the rotifers and water simultaneously. This can be added directly into the tank containing your newly hatched fry. And why not? These rotifers will live in the freshwater of the fry rearing tank until they are consumed or their own food supply is exhausted. A word of caution -if your Philodina culture is fairly polluted you are adding polluted water to the fry tank too. A good nose is required to help sense how well you are feeding baby food to the gallon jars. If your culture water is clearish and healthy smelling, enough rotifers can be added to the fry tank so that the fry appear totally surrounded by them and no harm will come to them.

Be careful not to contaminate the gallon jars with larger creatures such as cyclops or daphnia. These copepods love to eat <u>Philodina</u> and soon there will be a terrific bloom of cyclops or daphnia and no more rotifers. It is always nice to have several jugs going at the same time. In the event of a catastrophe in one, onother will still provide plenty of feedable rotifers. Covering the jars is not essential unless you want to be certain of pure cultures. As long as larger animals are not introduced with water additions, any other smaller aquatic life living simultaneously with the <u>Philodina</u> is relatively unimportant.

Maintaining a good supply of Philodina can open up new possibilities in raising fry that beforehand might have been considered as difficult. Your success in breeding and fry rearing will certainly improve, and the rewards that these accomplishments bring will certainly win you over to the use of this perfect first food. No one needs to say "I can't keep the fry alive" any more. Rather, all that should be overheard is "its so easy to feed these fry if you have Philodina."

ed. note- this really is great stuff. I've been using it for several years and haven't used baby brine at all during this time. Use a glass baster if possible so you can see what you have in it. Split peas also are a good food in addition to the baby food.



PHILODINA

THE MIRROR

PAT MAHONEY

REPRINTS

COLISA CHUNA, Bob Roser, TANK TALES, Aquarium Club of Lancaster County, PA, May 1984.

COMMUNITY KILLIES, Susan Oglebay, <u>KITSAP AQUARIAN</u>, Kitsap Aquarium Society, Silverdale, WA, May 1984. Reprinted from the <u>CAROLINA AQUARIST</u>, Raleigh, NC.

REVIEWS

NEW GUINEA PEACOCK GUDGEON, Gerry Hoffman, WET PET GAZETTE, Norwalk Aquarium Society, Norwalk, CT, April 1984.

ANCISTRUS LINEOLATUS, Pat Mahoney, SWAM, South-Western Michigan Aquarium Society, Kalamazoo, MI, May-June 1984.

CRENICARA FILAMENTOSA, Darrell Holman, SWAM, Southwestern Michigan Aquarium Society, Kalamazoo, MI, May-June 1984.

GEOPHAGUS BRASILIENSIS, Frank Angilletta, WET PET GAZETTE, Norwalk Aquarium Society, Norwalk, CT, April 1984.

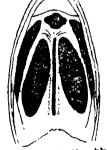
A TIGER IN MY TANK, Pat Mahoney, <u>SWAM</u>, South-Western Michigan Aquarium Society, Kalamazoo, MI, May-June 1984.

MECHANISMS OF SPECIALIZATION (part 1) by Tony Benages, IAS

Toxotes jaculator, the Archer fish, has been known to western aquarists since publication of the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London in 1765. Along with Toxotes jaculator, there are five other recognized species in the genus <u>Toxotes</u>: <u>T. blythi</u>, <u>T. chatareus</u>, <u>T. lorentzi</u>, <u>T. microlepis</u>, and <u>T. oligolepis</u>. There is a fossil form which has been given the scientific name of <u>T</u>. beauforti.

Only in very recent history has the mechanism by which the Archer fish shoots its water droplets been figured out. Hugh M. Smith, the Fisheries Advisor to the Kingdom of Siam, in 1936 accurately described and illustrated the mechanism used by Toxotes for shooting. There is a peculiar adaptation and apparatus in Toxotes to account for its extraordinary shooting capabilities. By carefully watching the fish at close range, he hypothesized on the probable propelling mechanism and later confirmed that opinion by holding the fish underwater in the position regularly assumed when shooting and by quick, forceful compression of the gill covers with his fingers.

This compression of the gill covers





would in itself not be adequate to accounfor the escape from the mouth of water Roof of Mouth in the form of individual drops of uniform size; and it is to the peculiar shape and structure of the mouth parts that we find the additional factors necessary for the complete performance.

The mouth cavity of $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$. jaculator is long, but its diameter is much restricted by the projecting sides of the roof and by the large tongue which when raised may completly close the passage from the outer air to the pharynx. The anterior part of the tongue is free from the floor of the mouth and its rounded tip is of paper-like thinness and fits snugly against the palate; posteriorly the tongue is thick, bears minute teeth, and has a conspicuous fleshy prominence. Extending along the median line of the roof of the mouth, from a point just behind a band of vomerine teeth to the pharynx, are two low ridges, close together and parallel for most of their lenghth, but slightly diverging at their posterior ends.

Between the ridges is a deep groove which, when the tongue is applied to the roof of the mouth, becomes converted into a tube. This groove-tube (no pun intended), which in a fish seven inches long, is less than one sixteenth of an inch in

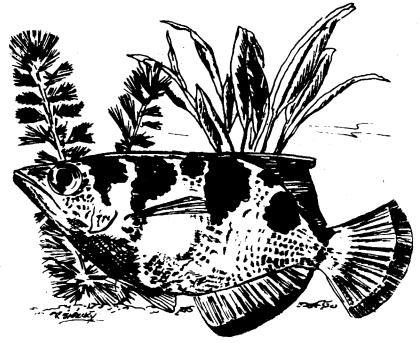
Archer fish cont.

in diameter, had not been previously described or referred to in ichthyological writings, but is readily seen when the tongue is depressed.

With the tongue closely pressed against the palate, the sudden compression of the gill covers will force water from the pharynx into the palatine canal; and with the tip of the tongue acting as a valve, the flow of water under pressure from the anterior end of the tube is regulated. The fish coordinates the compression of the gill covers with the momentary lifting of the tongue from the anterior end of the tube, permitting the escape of a single drop of water. With the jaws partly seperated and the mouth reaching or projecting slightly out of the water, the drop of water is ejected with a force and for a distance that depends on the pressure. It is easy to understand how, with the pharyngeal cavity serving serving as both a reservoir for water ammunition and a compression chamber, it is possible for the fish to shoot drops of water in quick succession, as has been frequently observed, or the water may be expelled in the form of a jet when the valve is kept open longer.

Incidently, since the mechanism has evolved to the state of perfection which it has, and the fish shoots instictively, it can not forget" how to shoot if not provided with a target. It is strictly instinct and is not "learned" by the fry. The preparation of an aquarium set up for target practice is more for the edification of the owner rather than for the fish, which, by the way, is not a bad idea.

Reprinted from Tropical Topics, Indianapolis Aquarium Society.



Trading Post

Items for the trading post should be sent to Delta Tale c/o John Mangan, 9770 Oleander Ave, Vienna VA 22180 by the 15th of the month prior to publication or handed to me at the monthly meeting.

For Sale: 125 gal. and 110 gal. tanks on heavy metal stand; two 50 gal. tanks (one with slate bottom); two 20 H tanks with slate bottoms; two 29 gal. tanks; include filters, heaters, gravel, etc. Also- 4 turquoise Discus and several breeding pairs of Angels. Call Norma Newsome (703) 451-0215.

Want: round dirt magnet filters, new or used at a fair price; 2½ gal. tanks at a good price. Mike Rininger 860-1734.

Want: articles and artwork related to fish, fishkeeping etc. send to Delta Tale, 9770 Oleander Ave. Vienna, VA 22180

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Q and A

Any questions on fish, plants, live foods, or anything else having to do with aquariums can be sent to Delta Tale c/o John Mangan, 9770 Oleander Ave. Vienna, VA 22180.

- Q. Why is this the only question this month?
- A. Nobody sent any in.

Notice- The article "Showing Large Catfish" by Chuck Davis ,which appeared in the May 1984 Delta Tale was reprinted from Catalyst, the bulletin of the American Catfish and Loach Association. This information was accidently left out of the may issue. Apologies to ACALA.

What's Happening in June

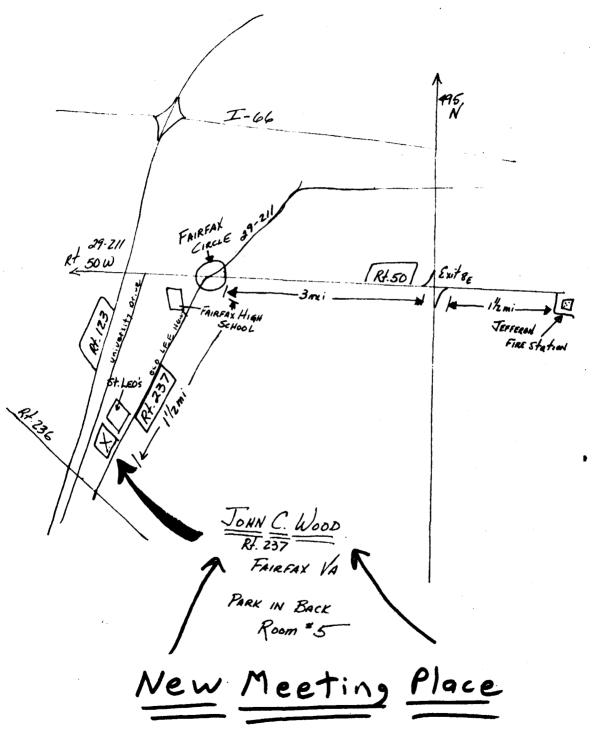
The Program: Marine Fishes

The Bowl Show: 8 oz. of Tetramin to the fish of the night plus a special category - see bowl show report and editorial for details.

Mini- auction: members may bring up to 3 items to be auctioned off. same basic rules as for the big auctions.

The Raffle: lots of good stuff to be raffled off plus the door prize.

Open Fish Room: Due to the show there was not enough time to set up an open fish room for this month. Hopefully it will be back next month.



Bowl Show Report

May Results

Cichlids New World Mouthbrooders	Egglayers/Livebearers Goldfish & Koi	
1st Alex Cummins	1st Pete Thrift	
Pseudotropheus	2nd Pete Thrift	
no entries	3rd Nathan Manwaring	
Open	Characins	
no entries	1st Jim Long	
	2nd Gerry Hoffman	
Judges	3rd Gerry Hoffman	
	Open	
Pat Mahoney, Kenny Warren	1st Gerry Hoffman	
	2nd Gerry Hoffman	
•	3rd Nathan Manwaring	

Standings

*			
Cichlids Frank Angilletta Mark Steele Ray Krause Jim Long Nathan Manwaring Robert Roser & Son Alex Cummins	month 0 0 0 0 0 0	quarter 0 0 6 6 0 0	year 39 16 7 6 6
Egglayer/Livebearer Nathan Manwaring Frank Angilletta Gerry Hoffman Mike Rininger Pete Thrift Jim Long Robert Pallansch John Mangan Robert Roser & Son Alex Cummins Jason Kooken	month 7 0 17 0 10 6 0 0 1	quarter 25 0 17 0 10 6 6 0 0	year 74 41 47 8 18 13 6 5 3

June Bowl Show Categories

Cichlids
New World Large
Riftlake Mbuna, excl. Pseudotropheus
Open

Egglayer/Livebearer
Anabantoids
Corydoras catfish
Open

Open

Special Category

Oddities & Deformities to be judged seperatly from the above see editorial for details

DOTOMAC VALLEY AQUARIUM SOCIETY



POST OFFICE BOX 6219 SHIRLINGTON STATION ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22206

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

DATE19
NAME
STREET
CITYSTATEZIP
TELEPHONE CONTACTS HB
Number of tanksTime in hobby
Fish you have spawned
What can this club do for you
What do you want to do for the club
Which sub-groups of fish interest you
How long do you plan to be in this area?
Occupation
Membership dues for the Potomac Valley Aquarium Society are:
Family \$12.00 Corresponding \$7.00 Individual \$10.00 Junior (under 18) \$5.00
Please send application and check for dues to address above.

Potomac valley Aquarium Society P.O. Box 6219 Shirlington Station Arlington, Virginia 22206

Potomac Valley Aquarium Society Meets on the Following Dates in 1984;

June 11 July 9 October 8
August 13 November 12
September 10 December 10

All meetings open to the public and potential new members.

** New meeting place- details inside **